## American College of Medical Genetics **ACT**

### **Transition to Adult Health Care ACT Sheet**

Transition is an ongoing process that does not end with transfer of care. The goal of transition of adolescents with chronic medical conditions is to provide uninterrupted, comprehensive, culturally sensitive, coordinated, and developmentally appropriate healthcare. The transition team includes at least the patient and family, and the pediatric, adult PCP, and specialty care providers. For the general principles of transition, refer to the 2011 AAP/AAFP/ACP transition clinical report, which includes the recommendation that transition planning begin no later than age 12 and includes a patient readiness assessment.

## **Arginase Deficiency**

# (argininemia, hyperargininemia, ARG1 deficiency) [Urea Cycle Disorder]

**Condition Description:** The urea cycle is the enzyme cycle whereby ammonia is converted to urea. Arginase deficiency is an autosomal recessive genetic disorder, in which arginase is defective, interrupting the urea cycle and can result in spastic diplegia, cognitive impairment as well as hyperammonemia. Hyperammonemia can be very toxic to the brain. Management usually includes a diet low in protein and drug therapy.

Clinical Considerations: In affected individuals, excessive protein intake in relation to their diet and/or catabolism due to stress (prolonged fasting, infection, fever, pregnancy and postpartum, surgery, systemic steroids) can lead to hyperammonemia. Valproic acid should be avoided. Immediate clinical evaluation is required when the patient exhibits fever or signs and symptoms of hyperammonemia, such as sleepiness, recurrent vomiting, severe neurologic as well as psychiatric abnormalities. The patient should have an acute illness protocol that should be taken to the emergency room (see <a href="mailto:acute illness protocol">acute illness protocol</a>). Pregnancies in affected patients have not yet been reported. There are generally no special considerations with puberty, sexual function and fertility.

#### THE TRANSITION TEAM SHOULD TAKE THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS:

- Initiate a dialogue among transition team members and establish an adult medical home.
- Facilitate consistency and coordination of care among multiple health care providers as the patient transitions to independent living (to include college, relocation, employment).
- Consult with specialists (ideally the metabolic specialist and dietitian caring for the patient) to establish a co-management plan, including input from the patient/family. This care plan should include:
  - Nutritional assessment (diet low in protein)
  - Drug therapy as indicated (scavenger drugs)
  - o Up to date immunizations
  - o Avoidance of valproic acid
- Confirm the diagnosis by review of the medical record and previous laboratory studies.
- Order laboratory studies as indicated (blood ammonia and plasma amino acids).
- Identify the patient's health care coverage (including insurance) and access to care.
- Assess and address the patient's psychological, behavioral, and social service needs.
- Offer health education and genetic counseling concerning future reproductive decisions.
- Make patient aware of urea cycle disorders support group.

#### **Additional Information:**

AAP/AAFP/ACP Transition Clinical Report

Transition Toolkit (New England Consortium of Metabolic Programs)

Got Transition

National Urea Cycle Disorders Foundation

#### Referral (local, state, regional and national):

**Clinical Services** 

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State Resource s	site (insert program information)	
Name		
URL		
Comments		

APPENDIX: Resources with Full URL Addresses

LOCAL RESOURCES: Insert State program web site links

**Acute Illness Protocol** 

https://www.newenglandconsortium.org/acute-illness

Additional Information:

AAP/AAFP/ACP Transition Clinical Report

https://pediatrics.aappublications.org/content/pediatrics/early/2011/06/23/peds.2011-0969.full.pdf

New England Consortium of Metabolic Programs Transition Toolkit

https://www.newenglandconsortium.org/printable-transition-toolkits

**Got Transition** 

http://www.gottransition.org

**National Urea Cycle Disorders Foundation** 

http://www.nucdf.org/

Referral (local, state, regional and national):

**Clinical Services** 

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sites/GeneTests/clinic?db=GeneTests

**Find Genetic Services** 

https://clinics.acmg.net/

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