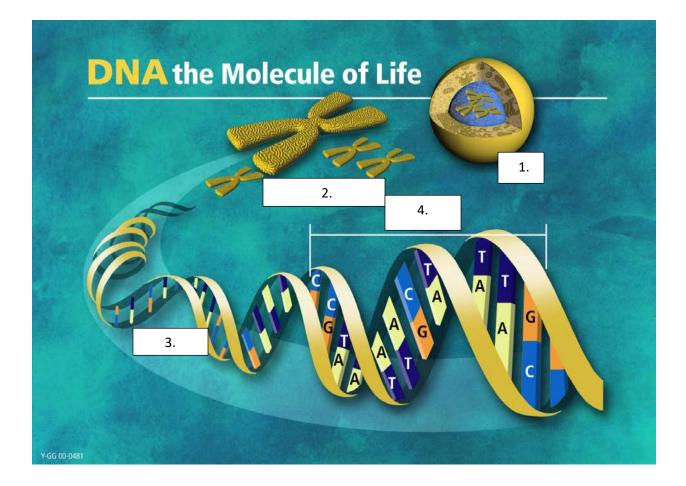
Handout #4 Prenatal Genetics English Vocabulary Exercises

Exercise 1: Labeling exercise

Instructions: Label the four structures shown in this diagram.



Exercise 2: Sorting exercise

Instructions: Sort the following terms into their correct categories. (Hint: there is one term that fits into 2 categories. List it under both!)

<u>Terms</u>

ultrasound spina bifida sickle cell disease open neural tube defect NIPT MSS microarray Klinefelter's syndrome karyotype fragile X syndrome first trimester screening Edwards syndrome Down syndrome **DNA** sequencing cystic fibrosis cleft palate cleft lip chorionic villus sampling anencephaly amniocentesis

Screening tests

Diagnostic tests

- 1. _____
- 2. _____
- 3. _____
- 4. _____
- 5. _____
- 6. _____

Genetic conditions and birth defects

Exercise 3: Matching

Instructions: Place the number of the correct definition in front of each term. Use your glossary to look up the meaning of words you don't know.

 anencephaly	A.	An incomplete piece of an extra chromosome
 chromosome abnormality	B.	A progressive genetic condition that causes the production of thick, sticky mucus, leading to respiratory problems
 cleft lip	C.	Trisomy 21
 cleft palate	D.	A sex-linked genetic condition
 cystic fibrosis	E.	Insufficient brain growth in a fetus
 carrier	F.	Not harmful
 benign	G.	A genetic difference which may be deleterious or benign
 gene variant	Н.	Having more or less genetic material than is expected
 Down syndrome	I.	A genetic disorder affecting the body's ability to make normal hemoglobin, an important part of red blood cells
 Edwards syndrome	J.	A type of genetic condition in that results from a hole in the spinal column not closing up when appropriate during early fetal development
 Klinefelter's syndrome	K.	A birth defect in which the roof of the mouth does not form properly, resulting in an opening into the nasal cavity
 marker chromosome	L.	A person who has a genetic variant in one of their two copies of a particular gene
 mosaicism	M.	Mutation
 nuchal thickening	N.	Trisomy 18
 open neural tube defect	О.	Abnormal amount of liquid in the space at the back of a fetus' neck
 ring chromosome	P.	A congenital malformation in which the upper lip does not form properly, causing an opening that can extend to the nose
 sickle cell disease	Q.	An abnormal chromosome formation in which the ends of two of the chromosome's arms have linked together
 VUS	R.	A condition in which only some cells in a sample show a particular genetic change