Cancer Genetics Vocabulary Exercises #4 Conversion into a Non-English Language

Instructions

Translate the sentences below into your non-English language. Pay special attention to the words/concepts that are underlined.

In these families with hereditary cancer, there is one single gene that is known to be the cause of familial pattern of cancer.	
A large portion of cancers are <u>sporadic</u> and could be caused mostly by the environment or by other <u>risk factors</u> .	
So, whether we do a <u>single gene test</u> or a <u>gene panel test</u> , we'll need either a sample of your blood for <u>blood test</u> , or a sample of your spit for a <u>saliva test</u> .	
In every <u>cell</u> in your body there is <u>DNA</u> , which contains the chromosomes, and chromosomes are made up of <u>genes</u> .	the
	Some cancers are multifactorial, or rather, cancer seems to run in the family be not linked to a specific gene and is probably caused by a combination of genet factors and environmental factors. A large portion of cancers are sporadic and could be caused mostly by the environment or by other risk factors. So, whether we do a single gene test or a gene panel test, we'll need either a sample of your blood for blood test, or a sample of your spit for a saliva test. In every cell in your body there is DNA, which contains the chromosomes, and

	This doesn't guarantee that you won't ever get cancer again, just that you have taverage risk, like any other woman your age in the general population.
Į	Although, in this particular case this <u>negative</u> result might be considered an uninformative negative result, because we don't know if your mom had a <u>mutation</u> that you just did not inherit.
	When we find a <u>variant of uncertain significance</u> , it means that we just don't hav enough information to tell you if there's any more risk or not.
. 1	If we do find a <u>positive</u> result, this is a real <u>red flag</u> .
_	An error in duplication of the DNA sequence could lead to a gene deletion, a gene fragment, or some other DNA mutation.

	These are all <u>abnormal</u> , but some of these changes are <u>benign</u> , while other are <u>deleterious mutations</u> .
	We'll know that you have a genetic predisposition for cancer and so you are at greater risk of getting cancer in either in your other breast or in your ovaries than someone who does not have a mutation in this gene.
14.	We would advise having an <u>oophorectomy</u> before about age 35 or 40 which, as tha has been shown to improve the long-term <u>prognosis</u> .
	Some women also elect to have a <u>prophylactic mastectomy</u> to avoid the risk of <u>breast cancer</u> .
	The risk of <u>ovarian cancer</u> is somewhere around 25%, and there's an elevated risk of <u>recurrent</u> cancer as well.
	We also recommend ongoing screening <u>tests</u> , such as mammograms, <u>ultrasounds</u> and <u>colonoscopies</u> .

If you are a <u>carrier</u> , there's about a 50-50 chance you would have passed that <u>altered gene copy</u> to your child.	
That's like a <u>flip of a coin</u> : it might go one way or it might go the other way, it's jundom.	ıst
The <u>genetic counselor</u> is working today with a <u>genetic counseling intern,</u> and the both be consulting with the <u>geneticist</u> later today.	ey'll
Genetic information is confidential, and cancelling a person's health insurance of refusing to hire them due to a genetic condition is considered genetic discriminal which is illegal.	
Creating a <u>pedigree</u> , or family history, helps us identify <u>risk factors</u> such as <u>consanguinity</u> or <u>genetic traits</u> that are inherited by one <u>generation</u> from anothe	r.
DNA banking allows for future germline testing that may help distinguish inherita	<u>anc</u>
	That's like a flip of a coin: it might go one way or it might go the other way, it's jurandom. The genetic counselor is working today with a genetic counseling intern, and the both be consulting with the geneticist later today. Genetic information is confidential, and cancelling a person's health insurance or refusing to hire them due to a genetic condition is considered genetic discrimina which is illegal. Creating a pedigree, or family history, helps us identify risk factors such as consanguinity or genetic traits that are inherited by one generation from anothe

Cancer Genetics Vocabulary Exercises #5 Conversion into Non-English Language

Instructions

Now fill in the blanks in your non-English language.

1.	The son of my parents who is older than me is my:	
2.	The son of my parents who is younger than me is my:	
3.	The daughter of my parents who is older than me is my:	
4.	The daughter of my parents who is younger than me is my:	
5.	A generic germ for my brothers and sisters is:	
6.	The man whom I married is my:	
7.	The woman whom I married is my:	
8.	The person with whom I share my life, but to whom I am not married, is my:	
9.	A generic term for husband for wife is:	
10.	The husband of my sister is my:	
11.	The wife of my brother is my:	
12.	The sister of my husband is my:	
13.	The brother of my husband is my:	
14.	The brother of my wife is my:	
15.	The sister of my wife is my:	
16.	The children of my parents' brothers and sisters are my:	
17.	The children of my cousins are my:	
18.	My male child is my:	
19.	My female child is my	
20.	The husband of child is my:	
21.	The wife of my child is my:	
22.	The daughter of my sibling is my:	

23. The son of my sibling is my:	
24. The child of my husband from before we were together is my:	
25. The woman who gave birth to me is my:	
26. The man whose sperm engendered me is my:	
27. The woman who is married to my father, but who is not my birth mother is my:	
28. The man who is married to my mother, but who is not my birth father is my:	
29. The daughter of my mother but not of my father is my:	
30. The son of my mother but not of my father is my:	
31. My father's brother is my:	
32. My father's sister is my:	
33. My mother's brother is my:	
34. My mother's sister is my:	
35. My husband or wife's mother is my:	
36. My husband or wife's father is my:	
37. My father's mother is my:	
38. My father's is my:	
39. My mother's mother is my:	
40. My mother's father is my:	
41. Any of the brothers of my grandparents is my:	
42. Any of the sisters of my grandparents is my:	
43. The mother of any of my grandparents is my:	
44. The father of any of my grandparents is my:	